

Reduction of single use plastic waste from the operation rooms

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## Overview



**METHODS** 



**RESULTS** 



**IMPLICATIONS** 



**NEXT STEPS** 



**QUESTIONS** 

## Methods



#### **Direct Observations**

- Composition of categories of products
- Material flow analysis
- Roles of involvement



Post-use sampling (FTIR)

- Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy: a technique used to obtain infrared spectrum of absorption, emission, and photoconductivity



Surveys

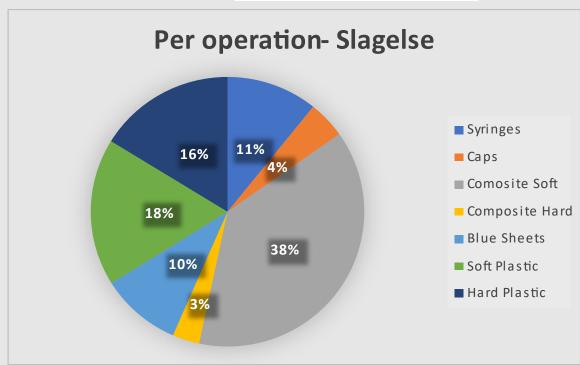
- Voluntary staff surveys
- 34 total

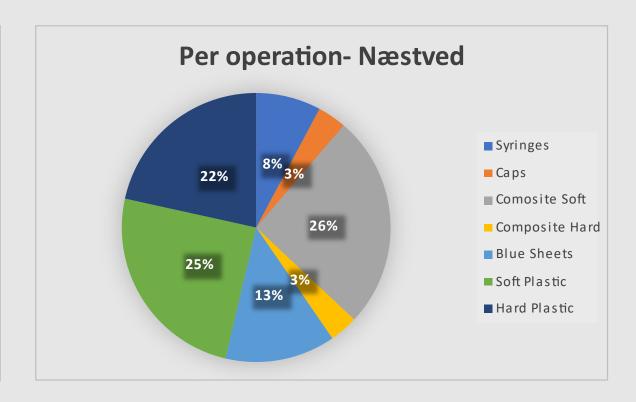
## Results



#### Types and amounts of products used per operation

- Differences between hospitals
- Differences between departments
- Procedural differences between hospitals





## Results



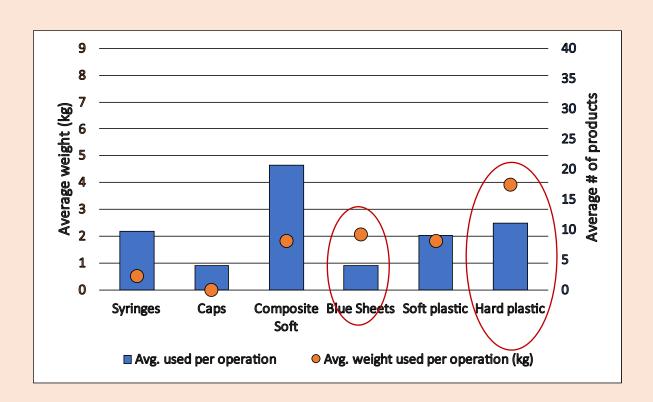
#### Polymer types

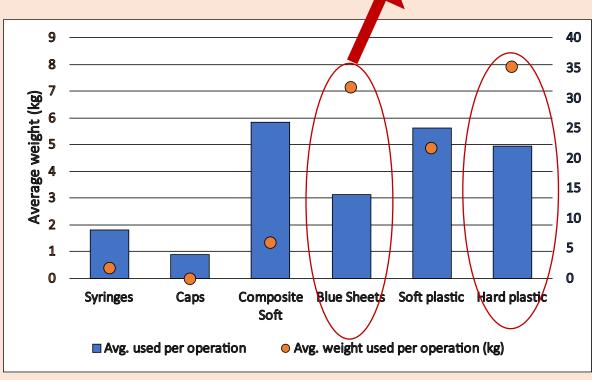
- Specific products analyzed
- Mono-polymer products versus composite products/multipolymer products
- Implications for sorting
- Illustrates a need for products redesign

|                     |   |          | <del>, /</del>                                    |
|---------------------|---|----------|---|
| Categories:         | Products:   |          | Polymer type:                                     |
| Syringes            | 1: 50 mL<br>2: 20 mL<br>3: 5 mL   |          | 1: PP<br>2: PP<br>3: PP                           |
| Caps                | 1: Syringe cap  |          | <b>1</b> : PP                                     |
| Composite<br>(soft) | 1: Syringe packages (plastic onl<br>2: Proset intrafix- lv tubes<br>3: Laryngeal tube | <b>y</b> | 1: PE, Nylon<br>2: PCT, PE<br>3: EVA, Nylon       |
|                     | 4: Cap + needle package 5: Sterile center composite (gretint)                         | en       | 4: PP, PE<br>5: PP, PET                           |
| Blue Sheets         | 1: Haylard 2: Evercare Surgical sheets 3: Surgical gowns                              |          | 1: PP<br>2: PE, PP, PET<br>3: PET                 |
|                     | 4: Blue gauze cover   |          | <b>4:</b> PP                                      |
| Soft Plastic        | 1: Gas mask wrapper<br>2: Nasal Cannula   |          | 1: PE<br>2: Multi-polymer (5)                     |
|                     | 3: Nasal cannula wrapper 4: Suction tube wrapper 5: Proset intrafix Iv tubes          |          | 3: PE<br>4: PE                                    |
|                     | 6: Biogel indicator- glove wrapp 7: Surg gown wrapper 8: tool holder soft plastic     | er       | 5: Multi-polymer (5)<br>6: PCT,PE<br>7: PE, Nylon |
|                     | 9: NACL 3000 bag/soft package<br>10: Oxygen tube package                              |          | 8: PE<br>9: PVC, PE<br>10: PP                     |
| Hard Plastic        | 1: Gas face mask 2: Suction tubes 3: Laryngeal tube/hard cover                        | +        | 1: PVC, PC<br>2: PBT<br>3: Multi-polymer (3)      |
|                     | 4: Sharps box<br>5: Mini-Spike  | ١        | <b>4:</b> Multi-polymer (3)<br><b>5:</b> PE       |
|                     | <b>6:</b> Oxygen tubes  |          | <b>6</b> : PP                                     |

# Results

Weights: Slagelse v Næstved





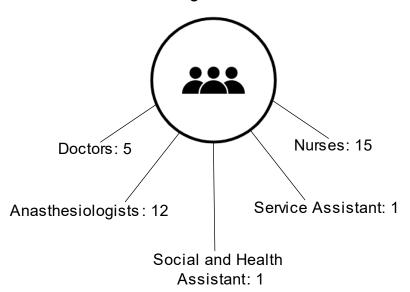
## Results- Surveys

- Expert opinion of staff
- Implications of barriers and solutions to reducing unnecessary single use plastic

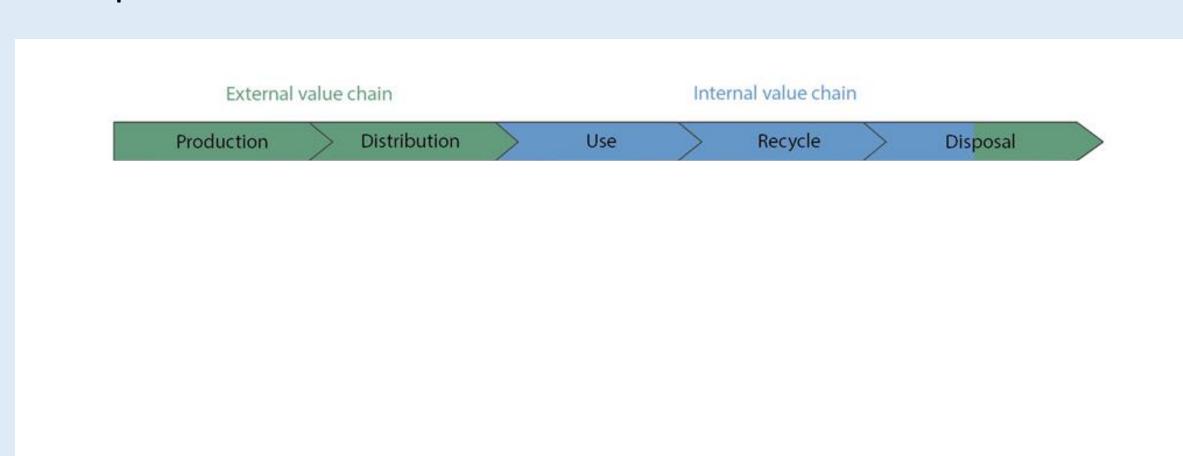
#### Survey Total:34

Næstved:24

Slagelse: 10



# Implications



# Next Steps

"Life cycle assessment or LCA is a methodology for assessing environmental impacts associated with all the stages of the life cycle of a commercial product, process, or service"

- LCA of single use and reusable products/packaging
  - Composite soft packaging and Envriopoouch
  - Haylard sterile sheets and steel reusable coantianters



Questions?